



แบบทดสอบ SAMSEN Pre – Test 2022

เพื่อเตรียมความพร้อมในการศึกษาต่อระดับชั้นมัธยมศึกษาตอนต้น

ประเภทห้องเรียนพิเศษ ปีการศึกษา 2565

จัดโดย สมาคมผู้ปกครองและครูโรงเรียนสามเสนวิทยาลัย

วันเสาร์ที่ 22 มกราคม 2565 วิชาภาษาอังกฤษ เวลา 10.15 – 11.15 น.

### คำชี้แจง

1. ให้ศึกษาคำชี้แจงการสอบออนไลน์ให้เข้าใจก่อนทำแบบทดสอบ
2. วิชาภาษาอังกฤษ แบบเลือกตอบ 4 ตัวเลือก จำนวน 50 ข้อ คะแนนเต็ม 100 คะแนน
3. เวลาในการทำข้อสอบทั้งหมด 60 นาที
4. ไม่อนุญาตให้ใช้อุปกรณ์สื่อสารและสืบค้นข้อมูลทุกชนิด
5. ห้ามใส่หูฟังในขณะที่ทำการสอบออนไลน์
6. ห้ามกระทำการหรือมีพฤติกรรมอันเป็นการทุจริตในการสอบออนไลน์ เช่นให้ผู้อื่นเข้าสอบออนไลน์แทนตน พุดหรือติดต่อกับผู้อื่น พยายามดูคำตอบจากนักเรียนรายอื่น หรือยินยอมให้นักเรียนรายอื่นดูคำตอบของตนเองทางสื่ออิเล็กทรอนิกส์ต่าง ๆ หรือคัดลอกข้อสอบ หรือทำสำเนาข้อสอบ ด้วยวิธีการบันทึกหรือจับภาพหน้าจอ หรือถ่ายรูปข้อสอบ
7. ห้ามนำวัสดุอุปกรณ์ใด ๆ ที่สามารถใช้รับและแสดงผลข้อมูลเพื่ออำนวยความสะดวกในการตอบข้อสอบหรือในการคิดคำนวณ ตำรา เอกสาร ข้อความหรือวัสดุอุปกรณ์ใด ๆ ที่ไม่เกี่ยวข้องกับการสอบออนไลน์ เว้นแต่จะได้รับอนุญาตจากโรงเรียน
8. นักเรียนจะออกจากห้องสอบออนไลน์ได้เมื่อหมดเวลาสอบ
9. การตัดสินของคณะกรรมการถือเป็นข้อยุติ

แบบทดสอบฉบับนี้ เป็นลิขสิทธิ์ของสมาคมผู้ปกครองและครูโรงเรียนสามเสนวิทยาลัย

ห้ามเผยแพร่ อ้างอิง ตัดต่อ ดัดแปลงหรือเฉลย ก่อนได้รับอนุญาต

**Directions:** Choose the best alternative to complete each blank.

1. A: \_\_\_\_\_  
 B: Mine. **Possessive pronoun / ของฉัน** พ็อกเก็ตบุ๊กเล่มนี้เป็นของใคร  
 1. Could I have your picture? 2. Whose pocketbook is this?  
 3. Could you want some more chicken? 4. Who want to join the camp?
2. Pretzel: Hi, Anna. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Anna: I'll have some sausages.  
**would like = want** คุณต้องการทานอะไร  
 1. What would you like to eat? 2. What about your breakfast?  
 3. Which food you make for lunch? 4. Where will we have dinner?
3. Sofia: I must be leaving now. Thank you very much for the lovely dinner.  
 Amanda: \_\_\_\_\_  
 1. All right. Never mind. 2. I'll miss you.  
 3. No, thanks. Drop in anytime. 4. It's a pleasure.  
แวะมาได้ทุกเวลา ด้วยความยินดี/เต็มใจ
4. A: This box is very heavy. Can you give me a hand?  
 B: \_\_\_\_\_ **Give someone a hand = help**  
 1. That box isn't mine.  
 2. Sure, I'll be glad to help. ฉันยินดีที่จะช่วย  
 3. Just a minute. My hands are dirty.  
 4. Certainly. I'm looking for someone to help you.
5. A: I've got a bad headache.  
 B: \_\_\_\_\_  
 1. You can see a doctor. 2. I don't care to hear that.  
 3. Why don't you go to see a doctor? 4. Oh! What wrong with you?

**Why don't you + base verb ...?**

For items A – C **เป็นประโยคที่ใช้ในการให้คำแนะนำ (สภาพ)**

Manager: Dr. Henderson? I'm about to place an order for lab supplies. Place an order = สั่งซื้อ วัสดุอุปกรณ์ในห้องทดลอง \_\_\_\_ A \_\_\_\_

Scientist: Yes, actually. I could sure use a new balance. เครื่องชั่งน้ำหนัก

Manager: What's wrong with the one you have?

Scientist: It's pretty old. \_\_\_\_ B \_\_\_\_ are more precise. แม่นยำมากกว่า

Manager: Okay. I'll get one, then. What else do you need?

Scientist: Hmm. Oh, I need to measure brightness levels for my next experiment.

Manager: And we don't have a spectrophotometer, do we? I'll order one.

Scientist: Great! \_\_\_\_ C \_\_\_\_\_. Thanks. เครื่องมือที่ใช้ในการวัดแสง/ตรวจสอบคุณสมบัติของแสง

- A 6. ① Do you need anything? 2. What do you want to buy?  
3. Do you want something? 4. Why don't you buy something?
- B 7. 1. The current instruments 2. The old balances I have  
3. The classic lab supplies ④ The newer analytical balances เครื่องชั่งวิเคราะห์/  
เครื่องชั่งที่มีความละเอียด
- C 8. 1. I think it will be good work ② I think that's all I need  
3. I believe they are accurate ถูกต้อง/แม่นยำ 4. I believe it will be too costlyแพง/ราคาสูง  
expensive/  
high-priced

For items D - E

Advisor: What can I do for you?

Student: I'm really enjoying my science courses. Still, \_\_\_D\_\_\_.

Advisor: What do you like most about your science courses? coordinate (v.) = ประสานงาน

Student: I enjoy working with other students. I like coordinating projects and experiments.

Advisor: You might consider being a professor or a researcher.

field = สาขา

Student: \_\_\_E\_\_\_. However, it still leaves a lot of options. I don't know which field suits me.

Advisor: It might help you to spend some more time in the lab and get a sense of what branch interests you the most.

Student: That would be great. Thank you.

- D. 9. 1. I have my dream job. ③ I don't know what career to pursue 2. I want to work in laboratories  
ไขว่คว้า (บางสิ่งบางอย่าง) ยกย่อง/ชื่นชม/ซาบซึ้ง ให้คำแนะนำ
- E. 10. 1. It's overrated 2. I appreciate it 3. It's my pleasure ④ That's a good idea
11. Before our modern age, people had a more physical and \_\_\_\_\_ lifestyle.  
① active 2. friendly 3. kind 4. tired
12. I turned left \_\_\_\_\_ without thinking when I heard a strange noise.  
1. slowly 2. loudly 3. carefully ④ automatically
13. I don't like to walk in the cemetery. I always think about the \_\_\_\_\_ that are under  
the ground there. สุสาน/ ที่ฝังศพ  
1. treasure สมบัติ ② skeleton โครงกระดูก 3. creature สิ่งมีชีวิต 4. coin
14. Caffeine is a very \_\_\_\_\_ substance. สาร  
① addictive ทำให้ติด 2. accountable สามารถอธิบายได้ 3. sweet 4. Fancy

15. Which one is the right definition for “entrepreneur”?
1. a type of factory
  2. a business owner
  3. a type of company
  4. a special kind of product

16. Scientists think that the polar ice caps and glaciers around the world \_\_\_\_\_. This is creating more water and the level of the sea \_\_\_\_\_.

1. melts / rise
2. melt / are rising
3. are melting / is rising
4. are melting / are rising

**Present continuous**  
**Verb to be + Verb (ing)**  
 สิ่งที่กำลังเกิดขึ้น ในขณะนั้น/  
 สิ่งที่มีการเปลี่ยนแปลงอย่างต่อเนื่อง

17. When I \_\_\_\_\_ into the class, the teacher was talking about the new project.

1. walk
2. walked
3. am walking
4. was walking

**interrupted action เหตุการณ์ที่เกิดแทรก (past simple)**

18. Tiana \_\_\_\_\_ to play the guitar since Christmas because her parents bought her one as a present.

1. has been learning
2. had learned
3. learned
4. learns

**Present perfect continuous**  
**S + have/has + been + past participle (V3)**  
 ใช้กับเหตุการณ์ที่เกิดขึ้นในอดีตและดำเนินต่อเนื่อง มาจนถึงปัจจุบัน (เน้นการกระทำที่ยังคงดำเนินอยู่)

19. A: I've heard you're doing a database application for the library.

B: That's right. It's all on schedule. \_\_\_\_\_ over the next few days.

1. We test it
2. We will test it
3. We're testing it
4. We may test it

**Present continuous**  
 เตรียมการที่จะทำในอนาคต

20. A: Are you going to tell her about it?

B: No way. If I \_\_\_\_\_ her about it, she \_\_\_\_\_ at me.

1. tell / laughs
2. told / would laugh
3. told / will laugh
4. has told / would have been laugh

**Second conditional**  
**If past simple, would + base verb**  
 ใช้พูดถึงเหตุการณ์ในอนาคตที่อาจจะไม่เกิดขึ้นจริง

**Directions:** Choose the underlined part that contains an error.

**Creating gerund (v-ing)** จะทำหน้าที่เหมือนคำนาม

\*\*ประโยคนี้ Creating เป็น gerund (ทำหน้าที่เป็นประธาน) ส่วนทั้งวลี Creating your own online นั้นจะเป็น gerund phrase

21. Create your own online blog is a good way to connect with people who share your

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

interests.

**anymore (adverb) = ไม่..อีกต่อไป**  
 (เมื่อก่อนทำ แต่ตอนนี้ไม่ทำแล้ว)

22. I hardly ever use my phone for an actual phone call no more because it can do so many

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

other wonderful things.

**anymore**  
 ถ้าคุณไม่สามารถหาเงินได้จากมัน ฉันก็ไม่เข้าใจว่าจะตั้งใจทำอะไรที่รักไปทำไม

23. If you can't live off it, I wouldn't understand the spirit of wanting to do what you love.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

**second conditional > If + past simple , would + base verb**

ใช้กับเหตุการณ์ที่ไม่น่าจะเป็นจริงได้ในปัจจุบันหรืออนาคต

24. Some of the students in other classes helped make our town more better and more beautiful by planting new trees around the community.
1. 2. 3. 4.

25. A detective who uses his deductive powers to corner a suspect and then does nothing to stop them from committing suicide is no better than a murderer himself.
1. 2. 3. 4.

**Directions:** Choose the sentence which contains the underlined part that has the closest meaning to the one in the given sentence.

26. After the soccer game, Ronaldo put on a fresh shirt and put his dirty one in the wash.
1. I felt wonderfully clean and fresh after my shower. **สะอาด (เสื้อผ้าสะอาด - not dirty)**  
 2. These plants are found in fresh water lakes and rivers. **น้ำจืด**  
 3. There's nothing better than fresh bread, straight from the oven. **ใหม่**  
 4. Try and get some sleep on the plane, then you'll arrive feeling fresh. **สดชื่น - good feeling**
27. Unlike birds that can fly, all 17 species of penguins have solid bones rather than hollow ones.
1. They were drilling through solid rock. **แข็ง (หินแข็ง)**  
 2. The bank has reported solid earnings for the year. **มั่นคง (รายได้ที่มั่นคง)**  
 3. Freeze the mixture for about three hours or so until solid. **กลายเป็นของแข็ง/แข็งตัว**  
 4. That rice pudding was the first solid food he's eaten since his operation.
28. Sharing secrets is a good way to earn someone's trust.
1. You can't expect to earn a living from your painting. **ได้รับ/ ได้กำไร**  
 2. Good luck to them if they work hard and earn their money. **ได้รับ (เงิน)**  
 3. To earn their respect, you need to prove that you are worth their time. **ได้รับ/ สมควรได้รับ**  
 4. You can buy and sell these unit trusts when you choose, and you earn dividends. **ได้รับ (เงิน)**
29. War does not determine who is right — only who is left.
1. She left without saying goodbye. **ตัดสินใจ**  
 2. The university is on the left bank of the river. **ออกจาก/ไป**  
 3. Parties of the left united to defeat the measure. **ทางด้านซ้าย**  
 4. I'd like to be left alone for a while, if you don't mind. **พรรคฝ่ายซ้าย** **คัดค้าน** **เหลือ/หลงเหลือ**

30. If you don't put on an act, you won't be loved.
1. Was she really upset or was that just an act? แสดง/แกล้งทำ
  2. In the opening act, two characters are talking in a restaurant.
  3. Ellis Pike was chosen to act the part of the lawyer in the film.
  4. The state passed an act banning the sale of automatic weapons.

**Directions:** According to the information provided, choose the best alternative to answer each question.

For items 31 - 33

### The Real Robin Hood

For hundreds of years, English people have told stories about a hero named Robin Hood. He lived in the forest, taking things from rich people, and giving them to poor people. According to the stories, he did this because he was an enemy of the king.

We know that in the early 1300s, a man named Robert Hood lived in England. He joined a group to fight against the king, but the group lost. They then had to hide in the woods. For years, he was part of a group of robbers living in the forest. Maybe he was the hero that people now call Robin Hood.

But not everything about Robert Hood's life matches the stories. One difference is Maid Marian. In the stories, Robin Hood fell in love with a woman named Maid Marian. In contrast, Robert was married long before he became a robber. His wife's name was Matilda.

The Robin Hood stories are legends. This means they are very old, and they may or may not be about real people. It is hard to be sure about events so far in the past. But people will continue to enjoy sharing these exciting stories either way.

31. What does the underlined word them in line 2 of the reading refer to?
1. People in England
  2. Rich people
  3. Things
  4. Stories
32. How was Robert Hood NOT similar to Robin Hood?
1. Robert Hood was a robber.
  2. Robert Hood had a wife.
  3. Robert Hood lived in the woods.
  4. Robert Hood fought against the king.

For items 33 - 35

**Robot Animals**

33.

Robot animals do amazing things to help us.

Robot birds fly into dangerous places. They tell us when it is safe to go there. They send messages to people using Wi-Fi. Robot birds can also keep a place safe. Some airports use robot birds to make sure the planes do not hit birds in the sky.

34.

Some robot fish help us with nature. They look for water pollution. This helps keep the water clean. Others take pictures with their eyes.

They swim with other fish in the ocean. We can learn about the ocean and the fish.

33. What is the reading mainly about?

- 1. Jobs robots can do
- 2. Robots that can fly
- 3. Helping people to be safe
- 4. How to keep water clean

34. What do robot fish do?

- 1. They look for water pollution.
- 2. They fly into dangerous places.
- 3. They swim with other fish near airports.
- 4. They send messages about the planes.

35. Which of the following is FALSE according to the reading?

- 1. Some robots look like animals.
- 2. Some robots have dangerous jobs.
- 3. Robot animals are an amazing help.
- 4. Robot animals do jobs people can do.

For items 36 - 37

What's that smell? If you are on the island of Sumatra in Southeast Asia, it might be the Titan Arum plant, also called the corpse flower. Like its name, this plant stinks like rotten meat. Growing up to 12 feet tall, it heats up to about 98°F and releases its odor to trick flies and beetles that usually lay their eggs on dead animals. Attracted to the smell, these bugs will visit multiple corpse flowers in search of raw meat, spreading the pollen among the plants so they can reproduce. The corpse flower blooms only once every seven to 10 years – that might not be a bad thing since it stinks so much!

36. Which of the following is TRUE?

- 1. The corpse flower plants have a pleasant smell.
- 2. The Titan Arum flower blooms once in around a decade.
- 3. Bugs like flies and beetles reproduce in Titan Arum plants.
- 4. You can see Titan Arum flower on any islands in Southeast Asia.

37. Which is the best title for the paragraph?

1. Gross Grower      2. Shapeshifter      3. Budding Artist      4. Sneaky Flower

For items 38 - 40 \*\* เมตคาเฟ่ (Maid café) คาเฟ่หรือร้านอาหารเล็ก ๆ ที่พนักงานเสิร์ฟแต่งกายด้วยชุดแม่บ้านและให้บริการลูกค้าในฐานะ “เจ้านาย” เหมือนการแสดงสวมบทบาทเป็นสาวใช้

**Maid Café Rules** เบิกบานใจ/ร่าเริง

The maid cafe environment is a lighthearted atmosphere where everyone should feel happy and comfortable, including the staff. A general rule for most maid cafes is that photos of the staff are not permitted, although taking pictures of your food are generally okay. ไม่อนุญาต

There are two reasons for this. First, photos with maids are usually a bonus menu item that incurs an extra charge. Also, as some maids have not told their own families what they do for a living, it's assumed that they want this kept secret, so this rule serves to prevent unwanted pictures. ทำให้/ก่อ (ค่าใช้จ่าย) สันนิษฐาน/คิดว่า ช่วย ป้องกัน

Despite the playful demeanor, you may encounter at a maid cafe, another important rule to keep in mind is that there should be absolutely no touching of the maids. Asking a maid for their private information, such as a Twitter account, email address or LINE ID, is strictly forbidden. อย่างไรก็ตาม พบ/เผชิญหน้า ห้าม/ไม่อนุญาต

If you have any doubts about what may or may not be proper etiquette, the best course of action will be to ask the staff. ข้อสงสัย มารยาท/ธรรมเนียมปฏิบัติ

มารยาทที่ไม่เหมาะสมที่ 'เมตคาเฟ่'

38. Which of the following is NOT a proper etiquette at a maid café?

1. Pat on a head of the maid whom you find enjoyable. ลูบหัวพนักงาน
2. Post the pictures of the food you order on Instagram.
3. Order a bonus menu and take a selfie of yourself with the maids.
4. Inquire the staffs about appropriate manner in maid cafés.

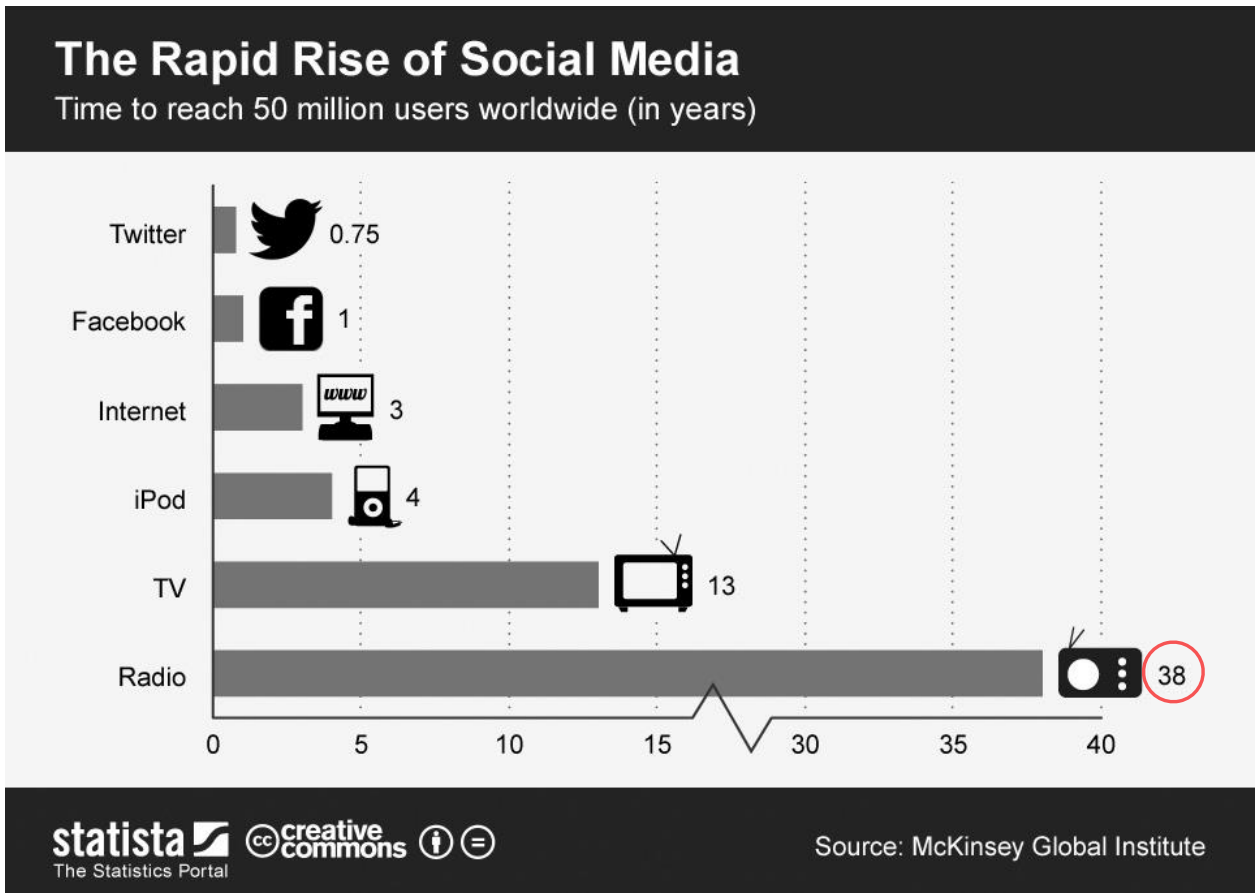
39. What can be inferred from the article?

1. Private information of maids are openly revealed.
2. It is strictly forbidden to take photos in maid cafés.
3. Being a maid at a maid café is not widely accepted. ไม่ได้ถูกยอมรับอย่างแพร่หลาย
4. People often doubts about the comfort of maid cafés.

40. Which has the closest meaning to the underlined word 'demeanor'?

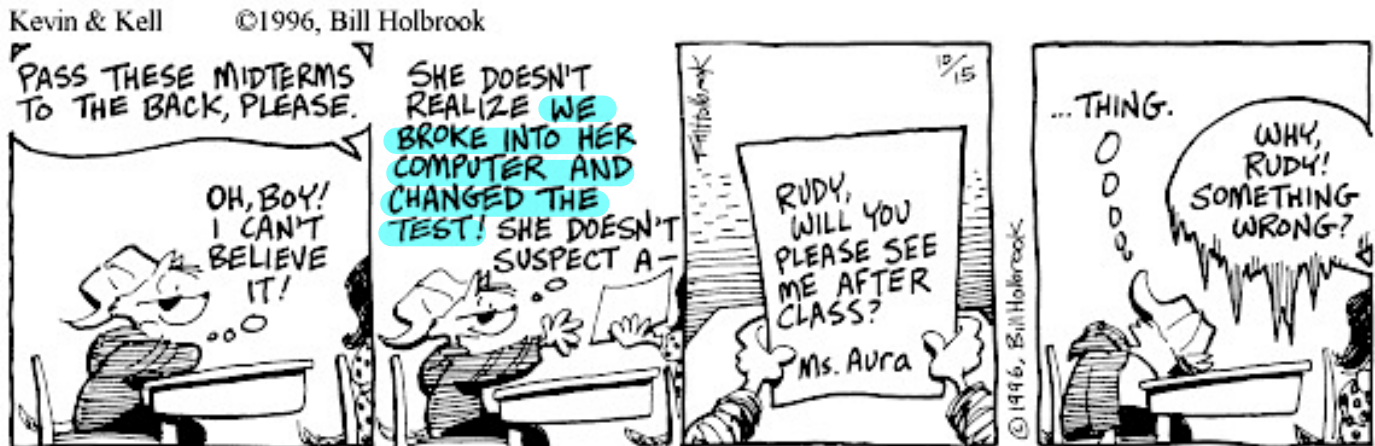
1. nature      2. behavior      3. movement      4. Experience





41. What does this bar chart show?













1. Radio took almost 40 years to reach 50 million users worldwide.
2. It took Internet longer than iPod to reach 50 million users worldwide.
3. 50 million users worldwide ลงทะเบียน registered Twitter accounts in just one year.
4. Social media's ความนิยม popularity อย่างรวดเร็ว rapidly increased and got 50 million users in 13 years.



42. What can be seen from the comic strip?

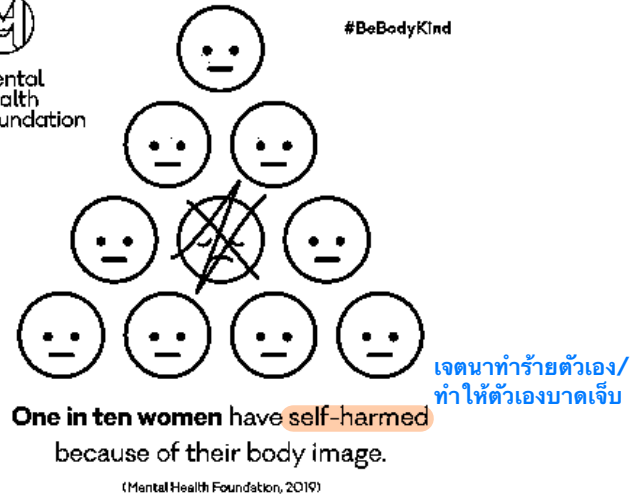
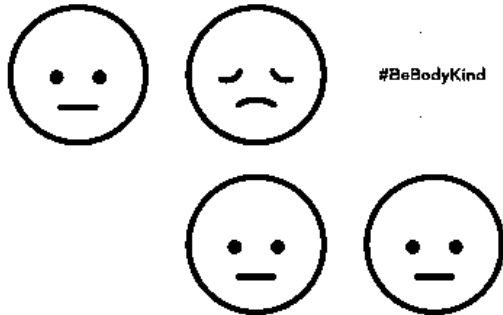
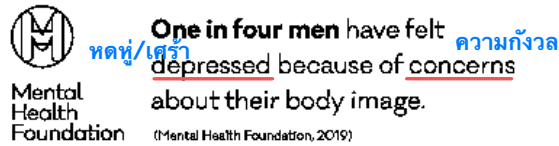
1. Ms. Aura broke into a computer.
2. Rudy and his friends changed the test.
3. Ms. Aura wanted to see the teacher later.
4. Rudy broke into the teacher's computer.

For item 43

Online Learning Tips			
	<b>Log in daily</b> to keep on track with announcements, assignments, etc.		<b>Be serious</b> about the program and each course you take.
	<b>Voice problems or concerns immediately</b> ; don't wait until you're behind.		<b>Review the syllabus</b> to get an idea of the course's pace and required materials.
	<b>Utilize all resources</b> that Regent offers, such as the online library.		<b>Find a quiet place</b> and carve out time to study online.
	<b>Prepare to communicate</b> primarily through writing.		<b>Read lecture notes</b> and all other materials posted online.
	<b>Share your experiences</b> in education, life and work, and respectfully listen to others.		<b>Take notes on what you read</b> ; it helps with retention.
	<b>Understand potential differences</b> the online learning format brings, compared to a traditional classroom.		<b>Apply what you learn</b> to discussions, assignments and exams.

43. What should you do when you study online?

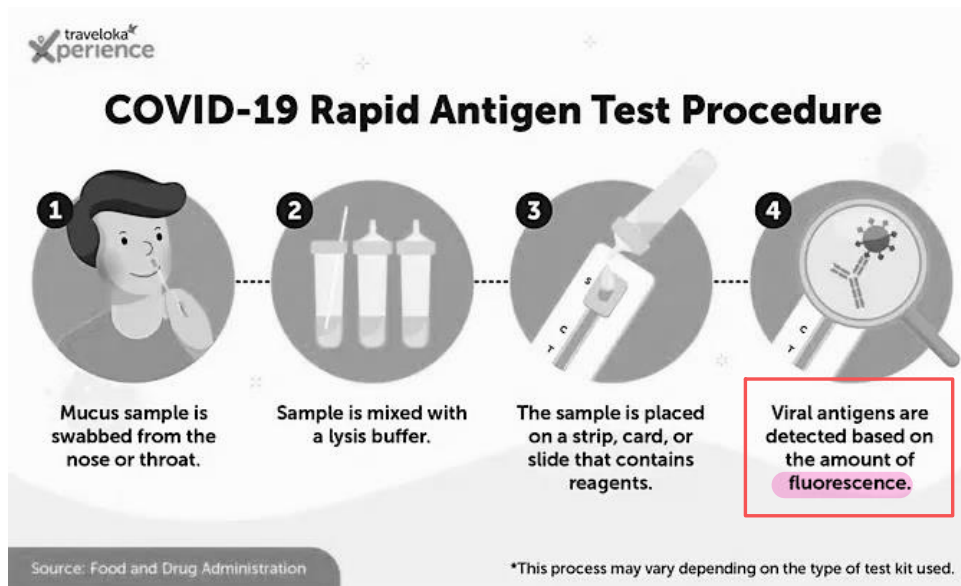
1. Find your **private space** to study.
2. Take notes to share your experience.
3. Prepare to communicate by speaking.
4. Log in often to follow up assignments.



44. Which of the following is CORRECT?

1. Ten percent of women have had depression because of their body image.
2. One in ten women has purposely hurt herself because of her body image.
3. Twenty-five percent of men have self-harmed because of their body image.
4. A quarter of men have felt depressed because of concerns about their body image.

For item 45



45. Which of the following is INCORRECT?

1. Mucus sample is mixed with a lysis buffer.
2. Viral antigens are detected based on the reagents.
3. The nose or throat are swabbed to find mucus sample.
4. The procedure may vary depending on the type of test kit used.

For item 46

**WET  
PAINT**

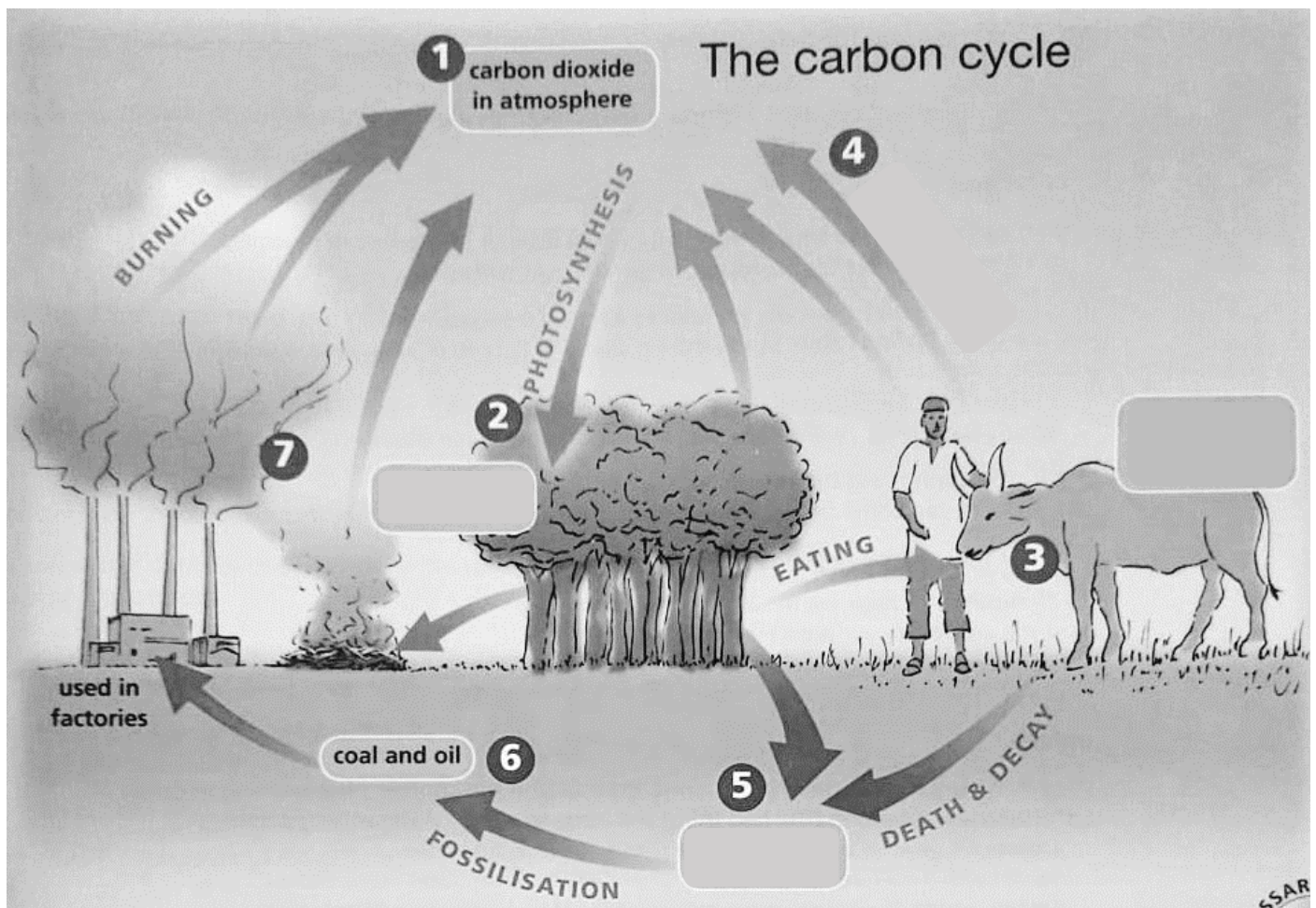


46. This sign says, “ \_\_\_\_\_ ”

- 1. The paint is still wet.
- 2. This is used for wet paint.
- 3. We use only wet paint here.
- 4. You must use wet paint on this item.

**Directions:** Choose the alternative that describes each number in the diagram.

For item A - D




### The Carbon Cycle

1. Carbon exists in the atmosphere, mostly in the form of carbon dioxide gas.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ **3** \_\_\_\_\_ A \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_ **2** \_\_\_\_\_ B \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_ **4** \_\_\_\_\_ C \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_ **1** \_\_\_\_\_ D \_\_\_\_\_
6. Some of the dead plants and animals are compressed over millions of years to form coal and oil.
7. Plants such as trees and coal and oil burned as a fuel. When a fuel is burnt, it reacts with oxygen to produce carbon dioxide. This carbon dioxide is released back into the atmosphere.

#### Alternatives for items 47 - 50

1. Plants and animals die. When this happens, the carbon goes into the ground.
2. The carbon in the plants goes into the people. Some of the carbon is used to make up muscles and some is stored as fat.
3. Carbon dioxide gas is absorbed by plants through their leaves. The carbon dioxide is converted into carbohydrate that is stored in the plant.
4. When animals breathe to produce energy, the carbon stored in fat reacts with oxygen to form carbon dioxide. This is breathed out and goes back into the atmosphere.

\*\*\*\*\*สิ้นสุดแบบทดสอบวิชาภาษาอังกฤษ\*\*\*\*\*

**เฉลยเพื่อเป็นแนวทางเท่านั้น**  
**ยึดเฉลยของทางสมาคมเป็นหลักนะคะ**  
**หากมีข้อผิดพลาดประการใดขออภัยไว้ ณ ที่นี้ด้วย**  
 **ขอบคุณค่ะ** 